

Audited Financial Statements

Voyageur Academy

Detroit, Michigan

June 30, 2024

CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	i – iii
Management's Discussion and Analysis	iv - ix
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Activities	2
Combined Balance Sheet – All Governmental Funds	3
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – All Governmental Funds	5
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7 - 20
Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	21
Schedule of Revenues – General Fund	22
Schedule of Expenditures – General Fund	23 - 25

C O N T E N T S – Continued

	<u>Page</u>
Appendix- Federal Awards Report	
Independent Auditors’ Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	A-1 – A-2
Independent Auditors’ Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	A-3 – A-5
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	A-6 – A-7
Reconciliation of Basic Financial Statements Federal Revenue and Receivables with Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	A-8
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	A-9
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	A-10



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
of Voyageur Academy

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Voyageur Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Voyageur Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Voyageur Academy, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Voyageur Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Voyageur Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Voyageur Academy's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Voyageur Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as detailed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Voyageur Academy's basic financial statements. The accompanying additional supplementary information, as identified in the Table of Contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2024, on our consideration of Voyageur Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Voyageur Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Voyageur Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Croskey Lanni, PC

Rochester, MI
October 31, 2024

MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Voyageur Academy’s, annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the school’s financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the school’s financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

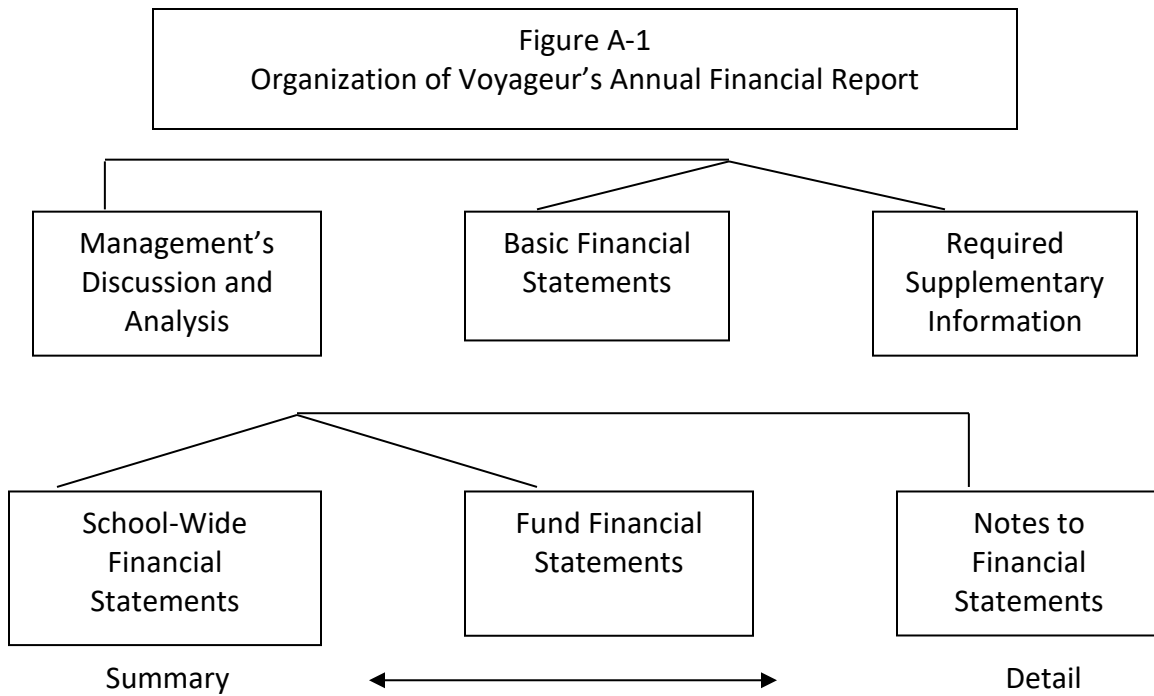
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ❖ The total cost of basic programs in FY24 was \$5,490,538, compared to \$4,992,013 in FY23.
- ❖ General fund revenues were at \$19,054,462 while expenditures and operating transfers were \$19,62,947.
 - Blended enrollment used for state aid purposes was 1,267.09 compared to 2022-2023 enrollment of 1,224.05 students.
- ❖ The school has a positive General Fund balance of \$3,192,471.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management’s discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the school:

- The first two statements are school-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the school’s overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the school, reporting the school’s operations in more detail.
- The governmental fund statements tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the school acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others. These consist of student activity funds held by the school on behalf of the student group.



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the school's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2
Major Features of School-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	School-Wide Statements	Government Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire school (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the school that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance.	Instances in which the school administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required Financial Statements	*Statement of net position *Statement of activities	*Balance sheet *Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	*Statement of fiduciary net position *Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the school's financial statements, including the portion of the school's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

SCHOOL-WIDE STATEMENTS

The school-wide statements report information about the school as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the school's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two school-wide statements report the school's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the school's assets and liabilities – are one way to measure the school's financial health or position.

- ❖ Over time, increases or decreases in the school's assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- ❖ To assess the overall health of the school, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the school's enrollment and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the school's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the school as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the school uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- ❖ *Governmental activities* – Most of the school's basic services are included in the general fund, such as regular and special education and administration. State foundation aid finances most of these activities.
- ❖ The school establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The school has one kind of funds:

- ❖ *Governmental funds* – Most of the school's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the school's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the school-wide statements, we provide additional information with governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

The school's financial position is the product of many factors.

School Governmental

The stability of the school's finances is a result of the following measures:

- ❖ Spending is controlled to ensure that it aligns with revenues received from the State.

General Fund Budgetary Analysis

Over the course of the year, the school reviewed the annual operating budget monthly and amended the budget quarterly. All invoices were paid in a timely matter.

Financial Outlook

Voyageur Academy's financial forecast continues to be optimistic heading into the 2024/2025 school year.

- ❖ The federal and state government made available grants of approximately \$2,943,629 to mitigate additional costs related to the coronavirus in fiscal year 2023-2024. The academy uses these grants to improve and expand facilities, HVAC systems, buy curriculum materials, bolster/rebalance teaching and support staff and improve social programs for our students.
- ❖ Enrollment is anticipated to remain constant for the 2024-2025 school year. These students will be 100% on-site.
- ❖ The Academy's enrollment has increased steadily over the last three years and is projected to increase by an additional five to seven percent over the previous fiscal year.

Figure A-3
Voyageur Academy's Net Position

	2024	2023
Current and other assets	\$ 12,577,773	\$ 10,007,144
Capital assets	15,581,768	13,387,466
Total assets	<u>28,159,541</u>	<u>23,394,610</u>
Long-term debt outstanding	16,666,164	17,180,260
Other liabilities	5,889,436	4,095,421
Total liabilities	<u>22,555,600</u>	<u>21,275,681</u>
Net position	<u>\$ 5,603,941</u>	<u>\$ 2,118,929</u>

Figure A-4
Changes in Voyageur Academy's Net Position

	2024	2023
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -
Federal and state operating grants	6,964,630	6,109,331
General revenues:		
State aid - unrestricted	12,488,306	11,448,869
Miscellaneous	471,849	221,379
Total revenues	<u>19,924,785</u>	<u>17,779,579</u>
Expenses:		
Instruction	7,257,555	6,425,053
Support services	7,292,299	7,212,826
Interest on long-term debt	1,000,409	1,017,425
Unallocated depreciation / amortization	889,510	856,919
Total expenses	<u>16,439,773</u>	<u>15,512,223</u>
Change in net position	<u>\$ 3,485,012</u>	<u>\$ 2,267,356</u>

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2021, the school had invested \$18,264,197 in capital assets, including equipment, furniture, improvements and facilities. See NOTE 5 below for a listing of capital assets, and the accumulated depreciation.

Figure A-5
Voyageur Academy's Capital Assets

	Balance June 30, 2024	Balance June 30, 2023
Land and construction in progress	\$ 6,084,879	\$ 3,141,250
Building and improvements	13,065,288	13,065,288
Equipment and furniture	2,543,333	2,403,150
Right to use assets	1,732,513	1,732,513
Subtotal	23,426,013	20,342,201
Less: accumulated depreciation / amortization	<u>7,844,245</u>	<u>6,954,735</u>
Total net capital assets	<u>\$ 15,581,768</u>	<u>\$ 13,387,466</u>

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE

- Successful navigation of the current virtual learning environment.
- Maintenance of current enrollment and staffing levels.
- Aligning expenditures with available revenue sources.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our students, parents and creditors with a general overview of the school's finances and to demonstrate the school's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the management office at:

The Romine Group 7877 Stead, Utica, MI 48317 (586)731-5300

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS

Current Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,013,325
Investments - restricted for debt service and capital projects	2,753,332
Accounts receivable	4,266
Due from other governmental units	4,780,669
Prepaid expenses	<u>26,181</u>
Total current assets	12,577,773

Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation / Amortization

15,581,768

Total assets

\$ 28,159,541

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

Current Liabilities

Accounts payable	\$ 1,779,066
Notes payable	186,722
Due to other governmental units	500,000
Unearned revenue	1,206,875
Other accrued liabilities	1,702,677
Long-term debt - current portion	<u>514,096</u>
Total current liabilities	5,889,436

Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion

16,666,164

Net Position

Net investment in capital assets	(1,598,492)
Restricted for debt services, capital projects and food service	4,102,288
Unrestricted	<u>3,100,145</u>
Total net position	<u>5,603,941</u>
Total liabilities and net position	<u><u>\$ 28,159,541</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants	
	Expenses			Government Type Activities
Functions				
Instruction				
Basic programs	\$ 5,490,538	\$ -	\$ 4,356,633	\$ (1,133,905)
Added needs	1,767,017	-	1,850,623	83,606
Support services				
Pupil support services	363,367	-	-	(363,367)
Instructional staff support services	636,551	-	-	(636,551)
General administration	1,665,059	-	-	(1,665,059)
School administration	1,140,336	-	-	(1,140,336)
Business support services	78,397	-	-	(78,397)
Operations and maintenance	1,500,586	-	-	(1,500,586)
Pupil transportation services	427,725	-	-	(427,725)
Other support services	46,231	-	-	(46,231)
Central support services	251,182	-	-	(251,182)
Athletic activities	462,936	-	-	(462,936)
Food services	670,834	-	757,374	86,540
Community services	14,233	-	-	(14,233)
Site acquisition and improvements	34,862	-	-	(34,862)
Unallocated depreciation / amortization	889,510	-	-	(889,510)
Unallocated interest	1,000,409	-	-	(1,000,409)
Total primary government	<u>\$ 16,439,773</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,964,630</u>	<u>(9,475,143)</u>
General Purpose Revenues				
State school aid - unrestricted				12,488,306
Miscellaneous revenues				<u>471,849</u>
Total general purpose revenues				<u>12,960,155</u>
Change in net position				3,485,012
Net position - July 1, 2022 as restated				<u>2,118,929</u>
Net position - June 30, 2024				<u>\$ 5,603,941</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Non-Major Special Revenue - Food Services	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,614,863	\$ -	\$ 398,462	\$ -	\$ 5,013,325
Investments	-	2,446,393	306,939	-	2,753,332
Accounts receivable	4,266	-	-	-	4,266
Due from other governmental units	4,780,669	-	-	-	4,780,669
Due from other funds	-	6,601	1,598,199	247,232	1,852,032
Prepaid expenses	26,181	-	-	-	26,181
Total assets	<u>\$ 9,425,979</u>	<u>\$ 2,452,994</u>	<u>\$ 2,303,600</u>	<u>\$ 247,232</u>	<u>\$ 14,429,805</u>

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

Liabilities

Accounts payable	\$ 1,779,066	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,779,066
Notes payable	186,722	-	-	-	186,722
Due to other governmental units	-	500,000	-	-	500,000
Due to other funds	1,852,033	-	-	-	1,852,033
Unearned revenue	1,206,875	-	-	-	1,206,875
Other accrued liabilities	1,215,414	-	-	-	1,215,414
Total liabilities	6,240,110	500,000	-	-	6,740,110

Fund Balance

Nonspendable	26,181	-	-	-	26,181
Restricted	-	1,952,994	1,902,062	247,232	4,102,288
Assigned	401,539	-	401,538	-	803,077
Unassigned	2,758,149	-	-	-	2,758,149
Total fund balance	<u>3,185,869</u>	<u>1,952,994</u>	<u>2,303,600</u>	<u>247,232</u>	<u>7,689,695</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 9,425,979</u>	<u>\$ 2,452,994</u>	<u>\$ 2,303,600</u>	<u>\$ 247,232</u>	<u>\$ 14,429,805</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 7,689,695
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$23,426,013 and the accumulated depreciation / amortization is \$7,844,245.	15,581,768
Interest is not payable until due in governmental activities and, therefore, is not recorded in the funds.	(487,262)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	<u>(17,180,260)</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 5,603,941</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Non-Major Special Revenue - Food Services	Total
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 358,899	\$ 95,027	\$ 13,497	\$ 4,424	\$ 471,847
State sources	14,063,921	-	-	25,715	14,089,636
Federal sources	4,038,924	-	-	731,659	4,770,583
Interdistrict sources	592,718	-	-	-	592,718
Total governmental fund revenues	19,054,462	95,027	13,497	761,798	19,924,784
Expenditures					
Instruction					
Basic programs	5,490,538	-	-	-	5,490,538
Added needs	1,767,017	-	-	-	1,767,017
Support services					
Pupil support services	363,367	-	-	-	363,367
Instructional staff support services	636,551	-	-	-	636,551
General administration	1,665,059	-	-	-	1,665,059
School administration	1,140,336	-	-	-	1,140,336
Business support services	41,485	36,912	-	-	78,397
Operations and maintenance	1,500,586	-	-	-	1,500,586
Pupil transportation services	427,725	-	-	-	427,725
Other Support Services	46,231	-	-	-	46,231
Central support services	251,182	-	-	-	251,182
Athletic activities	462,936	-	-	-	462,936
Food services	-	-	-	670,834	670,834
Community services	14,233	-	-	-	14,233
Site acquisition and improvements	2,961,856	-	30,839	-	2,992,695
Capital outlay	125,979	-	-	-	125,979
Debt principal and interest	329,517	1,158,566	-	-	1,488,083
Total governmental fund expenditures	17,224,598	1,195,478	30,839	670,834	19,121,749
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,829,864	(1,100,451)	(17,342)	90,964	803,035
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in	-	1,175,451	1,247,500	-	2,422,951
Operating transfers out	(2,402,951)	(20,000)	-	-	(2,422,951)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,402,951)	1,155,451	1,247,500	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses	(573,087)	55,000	1,230,158	90,964	803,035
Fund balance - July 1, 2023	3,758,956	1,897,994	1,073,442	156,268	6,886,660
Fund balance - June 30, 2024	\$ 3,185,869	\$ 1,952,994	\$ 2,303,600	\$ 247,232	\$ 7,689,695

See accompanying notes to financial statements

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	803,035
---	-----------	----------------

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization in the current period:

Capital outlay	\$	3,083,812	
Depreciation and amortization expense		<u>(889,510)</u>	2,194,302

The governmental funds report loan proceeds as an other financing source, while repayment of loan principal is reported as an expenditure. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general loan obligations is as follows:

Repayment of loan principal	\$	482,032	
Interest expense		<u>5,643</u>	<u>487,675</u>

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	<u>3,485,012</u>
--	-----------	-------------------------

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Voyageur Academy (the “Academy”) conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to public school academies. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

Voyageur Academy was formed as a public-school academy pursuant to the Michigan School Code of 1976, as amended by Act No. 362 of the Public Acts of 1993 and Act No. 416 of the Public Acts of 1994. The Academy filed articles of incorporation as a nonprofit corporation pursuant to the provisions of the Michigan Nonprofit Corporation Act of 1982, as amended, and began operation in July 1998.

In 2022, the Academy extended a contract with Ferris State University's Board of Trustees to charter a public-school academy through June 30, 2027. The contract requires the Academy to act exclusively as a governmental agency and not undertake any action inconsistent with its status as an entity authorized to receive state school aid funds pursuant to the State constitution. The University's Board of Trustees is the fiscal agent for the Academy and is responsible for overseeing the Academy's compliance with the contract and all applicable laws. The Academy pays Ferris State University's Board of Trustees three percent of state aid as administrative fees. Total administrative fees paid for the year ended June 30, 2024 were approximately \$365,230.

In 2022, the Academy extended an agreement with The Romine Group, Inc. expiring in June 2027. Under the terms of this agreement, The Romine Group, Inc. provides a variety of services including financial management, educational programs and consulting, as well as teacher training. The Academy is obligated to pay The Romine Group, Inc. nine and one-half percent of its state school aid revenue. The total paid for these services amounted to approximately \$1,156,550 for the year ended June 30, 2024 and there was a payable to The Romine group at June 30, 2024 of approximately \$685,300.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational or financial relationships with the public-school academy. Based on application of criteria, the Academy does not contain component units.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Academy. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Academy are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of a fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenue and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, in the combined financial statements in this report, into generic fund types in two broad fund categories.

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Governmental Funds

A governmental fund is a fund through which most Academy functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Academy's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities, are accounted for through a governmental fund.

General Fund - The general fund is used to record the general operations of the Academy pertaining to education and those operations not provided for in other funds. Included are all transactions related to the approved current operating budget.

Special Revenue Fund (Food Services) - The special revenue fund is used to account for the food service program operations. The special revenue fund is a subsidiary operation and is an obligation of the general fund. Therefore, any shortfall in the special revenue fund will be covered by an operating transfer from the general fund.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to record certain revenue and the payment of interest, principal and other expenditures on long-term debt.

Capital Projects Fund - The capital projects fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

Governmental funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. Modifications in such method from the accrual basis are as follows:

- a. Revenue that is both measurable and available for use to finance operations is recorded as revenue when earned. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Academy considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period.
- b. Payments for inventorable types of supplies, which are not significant at year end, are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.
- c. Principal and interest of general long-term debt are not recorded as expenditures until their due dates.
- d. The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation allowance funding approach, which provides for specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from a combination of state and local sources. Revenue from state sources is primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The state portion of the foundation is provided from the State's School Aid Fund and is recognized as revenue in accordance with state law. A major portion of the Academy's revenue is derived from this state aid. As such, the Academy is considered to be economically dependent on this aid. The Academy's existence is dependent upon qualification for such aid.

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationships between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each segment of the Academy and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Academy does not allocate indirect expenses to programs. In creating the government-wide financial statements the Academy has eliminated inter-fund transactions. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or function is self financing or draws from the general revenues of the Academy. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Academy's policy to use restricted resources first.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position's use is either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Academy first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Academy's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Academy reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools and GASB No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures. Under these standards, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standards also provide that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the Academy intends to hold the investment until maturity. The Academy held investments in mutual funds that invest solely in U.S. Treasury obligations. The funds are held in trust for debt service and capital projects. State statutes authorize the Academy to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, saving accounts, deposit accounts, and or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Corporation or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The Academy is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Receivables

Accounts receivables and due from other governmental units at June 30, 2024 consist primarily of state school aid due from the State of Michigan and the federal government. All receivables are expected to be fully collected in July and August of 2024 and are considered current for the purposes of these financial statements.

Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2024, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions or retirements during the year. The Academy follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a useful life of less than one year. The Academy does not possess any infrastructure assets.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Right to use assets of the Academy are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease/subscription period or the estimated useful lives. Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Building and improvements	10 – 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 – 15 years
Computers and software	3 – 10 years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the non-current portion of leases that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Net Position

Net position is the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. It is the difference between (a) assets plus deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in the following three components: Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws of regulations of other governments.

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by the outstanding balance of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

Restricted - This component of net position consists of constraints placed on the use of net position by external restrictions imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of Net investment in capital assets or Restricted.

Fund Equity

The Academy has adopted GASB 54 as part of its fiscal year reporting. The intention of the GASB is to provide a more structured classification of fund balance and to improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting to the users of the Academy's financial statements. The reporting standard establishes a hierarchy for fund balance classifications and the constraints imposed on those resources.

GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. This category typically includes prepaid items and inventories.

In addition to nonspendable fund balance, GASB 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints.

- a. *Restricted fund balance* – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- b. *Committed fund balance* – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Board; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes action to remove or change the constraint.

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

- c. *Assigned fund balance* – amounts the Board intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board or by an official or committee to which the Board delegates the authority.
- d. *Unassigned fund balance* – amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Academy follows the policy that restricted, committed, or assigned amounts will be considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both unassigned and restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances are available. There are no governmental funds with a deficit.

Leases

Leases and Subscription Based IT Arrangements (SBITA)

The Academy is a lessee for a noncancelable lease/subscription of a building and an IT arrangement. The Academy recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease/subscription, the Academy initially measures the lease/SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease/SBITA term. Subsequently, the lease/SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease/SBITA payments made. The lease/SBITA asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease/SBITA liability, adjusted for lease/SBITA payments made at or before the lease/SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease/SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases included how the Academy determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease/SBITA payments to present value, (2) lease/SBITA term, and (3) lease/SBITA payments.

- The Academy uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Academy generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases/SBITA.
- The lease/SBITA term includes the noncancelable period of the lease/subscription. Lease/SBITA payments included in the measurement of the lease/SBITA liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the Academy is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Academy monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease/SBITA and will remeasure the lease/SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease/SBITA liability.

Lease/SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and lease/SBITA liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the government vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. If a government determines that those criteria for disclosure have been met for a concentration or constraint, it should disclose information in notes to financial statements in sufficient detail to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature of circumstances disclosed and the government's vulnerability to the risk of substantial impact. The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements. This Statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements—or modifies existing requirements—related to the following:

- a. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A);
 - i. Requires that the information presented in MD&A be limited to the related topics discussed in five specific sections:
 - 1) Overview of the Financial Statements,
 - 2) Financial Summary,
 - 3) Detailed Analyses,
 - 4) Significant Capital Asset and Long-Term Financing Activity,
 - 5) Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions;
 - ii. Stresses detailed analyses should explain why balances and results of operations changed rather than simply presenting the amounts or percentages by which they changed;
 - iii. Removes the requirement for discussion of significant variations between original and final budget amounts and between final budget amounts and actual results;

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

- b. Unusual or infrequent items;
- c. Presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position;
 - i. Requires that the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position continue to distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses and clarifies the definition of operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses;
 - ii. Requires that a subtotal for *operating income (loss) and noncapital subsidies* be presented before reporting other nonoperating revenues and expenses and defines subsidies;
- d. Information about major component units in basic financial statements should be presented separately in the statement of net position and statement of activities unless it reduces the readability of the statements in which case combining statements should be presented after the fund financial statements;
- e. Budgetary comparison information should include variances between original and final budget amounts and variances between final budget and actual amounts with explanations of significant variances required to be presented in the notes to RSI.

The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2025-2026 fiscal year.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a consistent basis with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and state law for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and encumbrances are not formally recorded.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. State law requires the Academy to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted is a violation of Michigan Law. The Academy is required by law to adopt a general fund budget. During the year ended June 30, 2024 the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. A comparison of actual expenditures against amounts appropriated can be found on page 20 of these financial statements.

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2024, the Academy had the following investments:

<u>Type</u>	<u>S&P Rating</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Carrying Value</u>
Deposits:			
Demand deposits			\$ 5,013,325
Investments:			
U.S. Government obligations	AAA	Various	<u>2,753,332</u>
Total deposits and investments			<u>\$ 7,766,657</u>

The above amounts are reported in the financial statements as follows:

Deposits:		
Cash - General fund		\$ 4,614,863
Cash - Capital projects fund		<u>398,462</u>
Total cash		5,013,325
Investments:		
Investments - Debt service fund		2,446,393
Investments - Capital projects fund		<u>306,939</u>
Total investments		<u>2,753,332</u>
Total deposits and investments		<u>\$ 7,766,657</u>

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the Academy will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Academy's cash requirements.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2024, the Academy's investments were rated AAAm by Standards & Poor's and Aaa-mf by Moody's Investors Service.

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Academy will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Academy's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2024, \$5,034,354 of the Academy's cash was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured. All cash balances were uncollateralized as of June 30, 2024.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Academy will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Academy will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the Academy will do business.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Academy is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

Fair Value

Generally accepted accounting principles define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, and establish a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- a. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Academy has the ability to access.
- b. Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- c. Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The observable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Academy's own data.)

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 4 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Amounts due from other governmental units consist of the following:

State sources	\$	2,685,305
Federal sources		<u>2,095,364</u>
Total	\$	<u><u>4,780,669</u></u>

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the Academy's governmental activities was as follows:

	As Restated Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets not subject to depreciation				
Land	\$ 2,134,388	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,134,388
Construction in process	1,006,862	2,943,629	-	3,950,491
Capital assets subject to depreciation / amortization				
Right to use assets	1,461,037	-	-	1,461,037
Right to use - subscription-based IT	271,476	-	-	271,476
Building	12,025,360	-	-	12,025,360
Furniture and equipment	2,403,150	140,183	-	2,543,333
Improvements	<u>1,039,928</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,039,928</u>
Total cost basis of assets	20,342,201	3,083,812	-	23,426,013
Accumulated depreciation / amortization				
Right to use assets	268,633	306,619	-	575,252
Right to use - subscription-based IT	90,492	90,492	-	180,984
Building	3,673,180	340,815	-	4,013,995
Furniture and equipment	2,241,264	80,552	-	2,321,816
Improvements	<u>681,166</u>	<u>71,032</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>752,198</u>
Sub-total	<u>6,954,735</u>	<u>889,510</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,844,245</u>
Total net capital assets	<u>\$ 13,387,466</u>	<u>\$ 2,194,302</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 15,581,768</u>

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Depreciation and amortization expense was not charged to activities as the Academy considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

NOTE 6 – OTHER ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Other accrued liabilities can be summarized as follows:

	<u>Net Position</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Purchased services - payroll and benefits	\$ 711,132	\$ 711,132
Management fee	260,085	260,085
University oversight fee	66,435	66,435
Other accrued expenses	177,762	177,762
Interest	487,263	-
Total other accrued liabilities	<u>\$ 1,702,677</u>	<u>\$ 1,215,414</u>

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE

The following is a summary of long-term obligations for the Academy during the year ended June 30, 2024:

Loan Information

	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Other</u>
Direct borrowing - building	3.00%	June, 2027	Variable monthly payment
Direct borrowing - copier	5.00%	June, 2025	Monthly payment of \$2,560
2017 Revenue bond	Average rate of 5.72%	Various through July, 2046	Twice yearly payments of principal and interest. Secured by facilities, funds held in trust, and a pledge for 20% of future State School Aid payments.

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE – Continued

Loan Activity

	As Restated Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Retirements and Payments	Balance June 30, 2024	Due Within One Year
Direct borrowing - building	\$ 1,133,934	\$ -	\$ 268,581	\$ 865,353	\$ 274,189
Direct borrowing - copier	58,358	-	28,451	29,907	29,907
2017 Revenue bond	16,470,000	-	185,000	16,285,000	210,000
Total long-term debt	<u>\$ 17,662,292</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 482,032</u>	<u>\$ 17,180,260</u>	<u>\$ 514,096</u>

Following are maturities of long-term obligations for principal and interest for the next five years and in total:

	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 514,096	\$ 991,172
2026	528,308	968,292
2027	562,856	1,205,997
2028	295,000	922,613
2029	330,000	903,703
2030-2034	2,225,000	4,157,073
2035-2039	3,455,000	3,309,235
2040-2044	5,135,000	2,029,728
2045-2047	4,135,000	377,748

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During the normal course of the school year the Academy transferred amounts between its funds as follows:

	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service
Transfer In	\$ 401,538	\$ 1,247,500	\$ 1,175,451
Transfer Out	2,804,489	-	20,000

As stipulated by the Academy's revenue bond agreement as described in Note 7, the Academy must transfer 20% of its state aid to a trustee. The trustee retains the required portion for debt service and returns the remainder to the Academy.

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (worker's compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Academy has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 121,860	\$ 302,633	\$ 358,899	\$ 56,266
State sources	13,191,188	15,101,876	14,063,921	(1,037,955)
Federal sources	4,489,267	4,716,853	4,038,924	(677,929)
Interdistrict sources	401,050	533,282	592,718	59,436
Total general fund revenues	18,203,365	20,654,644	19,054,462	(1,600,182)
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Basic programs	5,167,644	5,717,716	5,490,538	(227,178)
Added needs	1,766,330	2,473,121	1,767,017	(706,104)
Support services				
Pupil support services	444,066	466,885	363,367	(103,518)
Instructional staff support services	735,694	804,224	636,551	(167,673)
General administration	1,547,405	1,665,801	1,665,059	(742)
School administration	931,937	1,150,420	1,140,336	(10,084)
Business support services	44,000	49,500	41,485	(8,015)
Operations and maintenance	1,656,096	1,887,745	1,500,586	(387,159)
Pupil transportation services	310,000	428,000	427,725	(275)
Other Support Services	-	-	46,231	46,231
Central support services	235,999	240,499	251,182	10,683
Athletic activities	398,948	496,404	462,936	(33,468)
Community services	211,322	28,253	14,233	(14,020)
Site acquisition and improvements	3,419,624	3,523,642	2,961,856	(561,786)
Capital outlay	-	-	125,979	125,979
Debt principal and interest	-	321,423	329,517	8,094
Total general fund expenditures	16,869,065	19,253,633	17,224,598	(2,029,035)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,334,300	1,401,011	1,829,864	428,853
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	-	-	0	-
Operating transfers out	(2,420,167)	(2,420,167)	(2,402,951)	17,216
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,420,167)	(2,420,167)	(2,402,951)	17,216
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses	(1,085,867)	(1,019,156)	(573,087)	446,069
Fund balance - July 1, 2023	3,758,956	3,758,956	3,758,956	-
Fund balance - June 30, 2024	\$ 2,673,089	\$ 2,739,800	\$ 3,185,869	\$ 446,069

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Local Sources

Student activities	\$ 72,165
Other local revenues	<u>286,734</u>
Total local sources	358,899

State Sources

At risk	1,434,857
Special education	140,758
State aid	<u>12,488,306</u>
Total state sources	14,063,921

Federal Sources

IDEA	183,663
Title I	755,863
Title II A	69,593
Title III	21,008
Title IV	57,548
Other program revenue	<u>2,951,249</u>
Total federal sources	4,038,924

Interdistrict Sources

	<u>592,718</u>
Total general fund revenues	<u>\$ 19,054,462</u>

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Basic Programs

Purchased services	\$ 5,068,626
Rentals	6,050
Supplies and materials	190,078
Other expenditures	<u>225,784</u>

Total basic programs 5,490,538

Added Needs

Purchased services	1,767,017
--------------------	-----------

Pupil Support Services

Guidance services	102,438
Health services	21,093
Psychological services	6,134
Speech pathology and audiology	53,971
Social work services	<u>179,731</u>

Total pupil support services 363,367

Instructional Staff Support Services

Purchased services	617,898
Supplies and materials	<u>18,653</u>

Total instructional staff support services 636,551

General Administration

Purchased services	124,472
Management fees	1,156,549
University oversight	365,226
Other purchased services	7,612
Other expenditures	<u>11,200</u>

Total general administration 1,665,059

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

School Administration

Purchased services	1,082,209
Supplies and materials	32,278
Other expenditures	<u>25,849</u>
Total school administration	1,140,336

Business Support Services

Purchased services	5,500
Other expenditures	<u>35,985</u>
Total business support services	41,485

Operations and Maintenance

Purchased services	942,768
Repairs and maintenance	307,943
Rentals	17,390
Supplies and materials	<u>232,485</u>
Total operations and maintenance	1,500,586

Pupil Transportation Services

Purchased services	427,725
--------------------	---------

Other Support Services

Other expenditures	46,231
--------------------	--------

Central Support Services

Repairs and maintenance	251,182
-------------------------	---------

Athletic Activities

Purchased services	233,753
Supplies and materials	117,228
Other expenditures	<u>111,955</u>
Total athletic activities	462,936

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Community Services

Other purchased services	349
Supplies and materials	<u>13,884</u>

Total community services	14,233
--------------------------	--------

Site Acquisition and Improvements

2,961,856

Capital Outlay

125,979

Debt Principal and Interest

329,517

Total general fund expenditures	<u><u>\$ 17,224,598</u></u>
---------------------------------	-----------------------------

APPENDIX

Federal Awards Report



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON
COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

**To the Board of Directors
of Voyageur Academy**

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Voyageur Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Voyageur Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Voyageur Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Voyageur Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Voyageur Academy's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Voyageur Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Croskey Lanni, PC

Rochester, MI
October 31, 2024



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM
AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

**To the Board of Directors
of Voyageur Academy**

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program
*Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We have audited Voyageur Academy's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Voyageur Academy's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Voyageur Academy's major federal programs are identified in the summary of Auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Voyageur Academy complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Voyageur Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Voyageur Academy's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Voyageur Academy's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Voyageur Academy's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Voyageur Academy's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Voyageur Academy's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Voyageur Academy's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Voyageur Academy's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Crosby Lanni, PC".

Croskey Lanni, PC

Rochester, MI
October 31, 2024

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Program Title/Project Number Subrecipient Name	Grant/ Project Number	Federal ALN	Approved Awards Amount	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2023	Adjustments and Transfers	Federal Funds/ Payments In-kind Received	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2024	Current Year Cash Transferred To Subrecipient
Clusters:										
Child Nutrition Cluster - U.S. Department of Agriculture -										
Passed through Michigan Department of Education:										
National School Lunch Program:										
Noncash Assistance (Commodities) -										
National School Lunch Program Commodities 2023-2024	N/A	10.555	\$ 43,138	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,544	\$ 21,544	\$ -	\$ -
Cash Assistance -										
COVID-19 - Supply Chain Assistance 2022	220910	10.555	26,324	-	(26,324)	-	-	-	(26,324)	-
National School Lunch Program 2023-2024	231960/ 241960	10.555	533,226	-	-	-	533,226	533,226	-	-
COVID-19 - Supply Chain Assistance 2024	240910	10.555	33,963	-	-	-	33,963	24,049	(9,914)	-
National School Lunch Program - After School Snack 2023-2024	241980	10.555	5,411	-	-	-	5,411	5,411	-	-
Total National School Lunch Program Cash and Noncash Assistance		10.555	642,062	-	(26,324)	-	594,144	584,230	(36,238)	-
National School Breakfast Program:										
National School Breakfast Program 2023-2024	231970/ 241970	10.553	147,429	-	-	-	147,429	147,429	-	-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			789,491	-	(26,324)	-	741,573	731,659	(36,238)	-
Special Education Cluster - U.S. Department of Education -										
Passed through the Wayne County RESA:										
IDEA Special Education – Formula Grants to ISDs:										
IDEA Flowthrough 2122	221450	84.027A	222,024	222,024	41,064	-	41,064	-	-	-
IDEA Flowthrough 2223	231450	84.027A	183,335	182,335	182,335	-	182,335	-	-	-
IDEA Flowthrough 2324	241450	84.027A	183,663	-	-	-	-	183,663	183,663	-
Total Special Education Cluster			589,022	404,359	223,399	-	223,399	183,663	183,663	-

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Program Title/Project Number Subrecipient Name	Grant/ Project Number	Federal ALN	Approved Awards Amount	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2023	Adjustments and Transfers	Federal Funds/ Payments In-kind Received	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2024	Current Year Cash Transferred To Subrecipient
Other Federal Awards:										
U.S. Department of Education -										
Passed through the Michigan Department of Education:										
Title I, Part A: Improving Basic Programs Operated by LEAS:										
Title I Part A 2223	231530	84.010A	843,836	729,825	729,825	-	729,825	-	-	-
Title I Part A 2324	241530	84.010A	850,030	-	-	-	-	755,863	755,863	-
Title I Part A Subtotal		84.010A	1,693,866	729,825	729,825	-	729,825	755,863	755,863	-
Passed through the Calhoun ISD:										
Title I, Part A: Technical Assistance Grant (TAG):										
Title I Part A TAG 2223	231580	84.010A	20,000	18,325	18,325	-	18,325	-	-	-
Total Title I Part A		84.010A	1,713,866	748,150	748,150	-	748,150	755,863	755,863	-
Title III, Part A: English Language Acquisition:										
Title III Part A 2223	230580	84.365	19,834	19,834	19,834	-	19,834	-	-	-
Title III Part A 2324	240580	84.365	21,008	-	-	-	-	21,008	21,008	-
Total Title III Part A		84.365	40,842	19,834	19,834	-	19,834	21,008	21,008	-
Title II, Part A: Supporting Effective Instruction:										
Title II Part A 2223	230520	84.367	109,527	105,841	105,841	-	105,841	-	-	-
Title II Part A 2324	240520	84.367	80,040	-	-	-	-	69,593	69,593	-
Total Title II Part A		84.367	189,567	105,841	105,841	-	105,841	69,593	69,593	-
Title IV, Part A: Student Support and Academic Enrichment:										
Title IV Part A 2223	230750	84.424A	64,892	61,749	61,749	-	61,749	-	-	-
Title IV Part A 2324	240750	84.424A	60,561	-	-	-	-	57,548	57,548	-
Total Title IV Part A		84.424A	125,453	61,749	61,749	-	61,749	57,548	57,548	-
Education Stabilization Fund:										
COVID-19 - ARP Homeless II 2122	211012	84.425W	19,336	-	-	-	-	7,619	7,619	-
COVID-19 - ESSER III Formula – American Rescue Plan (ARP-ESSER) 2122	213713	84.425U	5,205,207	1,695,768	1,529,598	-	4,130,643	2,943,630	342,585	-
COVID-19 - ESSER II – Section 98c Per-Pupil Payments for Learning Loss 2223	213782	84.425D	63,064	13,676	13,676	-	13,676	-	-	-
Total Education Stabilization Fund		84.425	5,287,607	1,709,444	1,543,274	-	4,144,319	2,951,249	350,204	-
Total Federal Awards			<u>\$ 8,735,848</u>	<u>\$ 3,049,377</u>	<u>\$ 2,675,923</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,044,865</u>	<u>\$ 4,770,583</u>	<u>\$ 1,401,641</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

RECONCILIATION OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEDERAL REVENUE AND RECEIVABLES WITH SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Revenues to Expenditures

Revenue from federal sources - As reported on modified accrual financial statements
(includes all funds):

General Fund	\$ 4,038,924
Special Revenue - Food Services Fund	<u>731,659</u>
Federal expenditures per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	<u>\$ 4,770,583</u>

Receivables

Receivables from federal sources - As reported on financial statements	\$ 2,095,364
Supply Chain Assistance Grant deferred revenue	(36,238)
Timing difference between MDE payment per the Grant Auditor Report and Academy receipt	<u>(657,485)</u>
Federal receivables as stated on schedule of expenditures of federal awards	<u>\$ 1,401,641</u>

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the “Schedule”) includes the federal award activity of Voyageur Academy under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Voyageur Academy, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Voyageur Academy.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

Voyageur Academy has elected to not use the 10-percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4 - NONCASH ASSISTANCE

The value of the noncash assistance received was determined in accordance with the provisions of Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 5 - GRANT AUDITOR REPORT

Management has utilized the Grant Auditor Report in preparing the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Unreconciled differences, if any, have been disclosed to the auditor.

VOYAGEUR ACADEMY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF THE AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of Auditors' report issued based on financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? ☐ yes ☒ no
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)? ☐ yes ☒ none reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? ☐ yes ☒ no

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weakness(es) identified? ☐ yes ☒ no
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)? ☐ yes ☒ none reported

Type of Auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

☐ yes ☒ no

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Number(s)
84.425U, 84.425W

Name of Federal Program or Cluster
Education Stabilization Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as described in 2 CFR section 200.518(b):

\$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

☒ yes ☐ no

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported